

# **CPG Fund No. 2**

ARSN 623 788 509

**Annual report**

**For the year ended 30 June 2020**

# CPG Fund No. 2

ARSN 623 788 509

## Annual report

### For the year ended 30 June 2020

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This annual report covers CPG Fund No. 2 as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of CPG Fund No. 2 is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975).

The Responsible Entity's registered office is:

Level 1, 575 Bourke Street,  
Melbourne, VIC 3000.

## Directors' report

The directors of Equity Trustees Limited, the Responsible Entity of CPG Fund No. 2 (the "Fund"), present their report together with the financial statements of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2020.

### Principal activities

The Fund aims to use its network to source and invest the Fund into a small but diversified portfolio of Australian real property assets that are not freely available in the general investment market place, investments that are traditionally the domain of the family office market.

The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Fund's activities during the year.

The various service providers for the Fund are detailed below:

Service	Provider
Responsible Entity	Equity Trustees Limited*
Investment Manager	Riviera Capital Pty Ltd
Custodian and Administrator	Mainstream Fund Services Pty Ltd
Statutory Auditor	Ernst & Young

\* Equity Trustees Limited was appointed Responsible Entity on 18 December 2019, following the retirement of EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd, who acted as Responsible Entity from 1 July 2019 to 17 December 2019.

### Directors

The following persons held office as directors of EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd from 1 July 2019 to 17 December 2019:

Philip D Gentry	(Chairman)
Harvey H Kalman	
Travis R Goudie	

The following persons held office as directors of Equity Trustees Limited from 18 December 2019 an up to the date of this report:

Philip D Gentry	(Chairman)
Harvey H Kalman	(resigned 1 September 2020)
Ian C Westley	(resigned 3 July 2020)
Michael J O'Brien	
Russell W Beasley	(appointed 1 September 2020)

### Review and results of operations

During the year, the Fund continued to invest its funds in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The Fund's performance was -1.65% (net of fees) for the year ended 30 June 2020. The Fund does not operate against a benchmark.

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Year ended 30 June 2020	For the period 25 January 2018 to 30 June 2019
Operating profit/(loss) for the year (\$'000)	<b>(481)</b>	810
<b>Distributions</b>		
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	<b>818</b>	716
Distributions (cents per unit)	<b>2.77</b>	3.67

## Directors' report (continued)

### Significant changes in the state of affairs

In the opinion of the directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the financial year.

### Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

Ian C Westley resigned as a director of Equity Trustees Limited on 3 July 2020.

Harvey H Kalman resigned as a director of Equity Trustees Limited on 1 September 2020.

Russell W Beasley was appointed as a director of Equity Trustees Limited on 1 September 2020.

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2020 that has significantly affected, or may have a significant effect on:

- i. the operations of the Fund in future financial years; or
- ii. the results of those operations in future financial years; or
- iii. the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

### Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the Product Disclosure Statement and the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

### COVID-19 Outbreak

In March 2020, the World Health Organisation (WHO) officially declared COVID-19 a pandemic.

The Directors and the Investment Manager acknowledge the current outbreak of COVID-19 and the increased market volatility it has created within the markets the Fund operates. This volatility has had a corresponding impact on the fair value of the Fund's investment portfolio both during the financial year as well as subsequent to the reporting date.

The Responsible Entity and Investment Manager are monitoring developments closely, noting that given the nature of the outbreak and the ongoing developments, there is a high degree of uncertainty and therefore it is not possible at this time to predict the extent and nature of the overall future impact on the Fund. The Investment Manager however, actively manages the financial risks that the Fund is exposed to, with the approach outlined further within Note 3 of these Financial Statements and the Net Asset Values of the Fund continue to be valued in accordance with the frequency set out in the Fund's Offer Documents, applying valuation policies reflective of the prevailing market conditions.

### Indemnification and insurance of officers

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund in regards to insurance cover provided to the officers of Equity Trustees Limited. So long as the officers of Equity Trustees Limited act in accordance with the Fund's Constitution and the Law, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Fund against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Fund.

### Indemnification of auditor

The Responsible Entity has not, during or since the end of the financial year, except to the extent permitted by law, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the Fund against a liability incurred as auditor.

### Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity and its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of Fund property during the year are disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of Fund property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statements.

## Directors' report (continued)

### Interests in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year is disclosed in Note 8 to the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed in the statement of financial position and derived using the basis set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

### Environmental regulation

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

### Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191*, unless otherwise indicated.

### Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 5.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Equity Trustees Limited through a delegated authority given by Equity Trustees Limited's Board.



Philip D Gentry  
Chairman

Melbourne  
7 October 2020



**Building a better  
working world**

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## **Auditor's Independence Declaration to the Directors of Equity Trustees Limited as Responsible Entity for CPG Fund No.2**

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of CPG Fund No.2 for the financial year ended 30 June 2020, I declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

*Ernst & Young*

Ernst & Young

*Rohit Khanna*

Rohit Khanna  
Partner  
Sydney  
7 October 2020

**Statement of comprehensive income**

		<b>Year ended</b>	For the period
		<b>30 June</b>	25 January
		<b>2020</b>	2018
		<b>\$'000</b>	to
	Note		30 June
			2019
			\$'000
<b>Investment income</b>			
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost		-	2
Distribution income		<b>940</b>	848
Management fees reimbursements	15	<b>56</b>	85
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	5	<b>(1,298)</b>	95
<b>Total investment income/(loss)</b>		<b>(302)</b>	1,030
<b>Expenses</b>			
Responsible Entity fees	15	<b>48</b>	58
Recoverable fees	15	-	11
Custody and administration fees		<b>61</b>	76
Audit fees		<b>60</b>	30
Other expenses		<b>10</b>	45
<b>Total expenses</b>		<b>179</b>	220
<b>Operating profit/(loss) for the year</b>		<b>(481)</b>	810
Other comprehensive income		-	-
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<b>(481)</b>	810

*The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

**Statement of financial position**

		As at	
		30 June	30 June
		2020	2019
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	10	1,415	545
Receivables	12	266	242
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6	27,447	19,952
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>29,128</b>	<b>20,739</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Distributions payable	9	656	501
Payables	13	39	28
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>695</b>	<b>529</b>
<b>Net assets attributable to unit holders – equity</b>	8	<b>28,433</b>	<b>20,210</b>

*The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

**CPG Fund No. 2**  
**Statement of changes in equity**  
**For the year ended 30 June 2020**

**Statement of changes in equity**

		Year ended 30 June 2020 \$'000	For the period 25 January 2018 to 30 June 2019 \$'000
	Note		
<b>Total equity at the beginning of the financial year</b>	8	<b>20,210</b>	-
<b>Comprehensive income for the financial year</b>			
Profit/(loss) for the year		(481)	810
Other comprehensive income		-	-
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>		<b>(481)</b>	<b>810</b>
<b>Transactions with unit holders</b>			
Applications	8	9,517	20,114
Reinvestment of distributions	8	5	2
Distributions paid and payable	8	(818)	(716)
<b>Total transactions with unit holders</b>		<b>8,704</b>	<b>19,400</b>
<b>Total equity at the end of the financial year</b>		<b>28,433</b>	<b>20,210</b>

*The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

**Statement of cash flows**

		Year ended 30 June 2020 \$'000	For the period 25 January 2018 to 30 June 2019 \$'000
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Payments for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(8,793)	(19,857)
Interest income received from financial assets at amortised cost		-	2
Distributions received		921	628
Other income received		52	64
Responsible Entity fees paid		(48)	(54)
Recoverable fees paid		-	(11)
Custody and administration fees paid		(61)	(71)
Audit fees paid		(52)	(11)
Other expenses paid		(8)	(46)
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>	11(a)	<b>(7,989)</b>	<b>(19,356)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from applications by unit holders		9,517	20,114
Distributions paid to unit holders		(658)	(213)
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities</b>		<b>8,859</b>	<b>19,901</b>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>		<b>870</b>	<b>545</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		545	-
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	10	<b>1,415</b>	<b>545</b>
Non-cash operating and financing activities	11(b)	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>

*The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

## **Notes to the financial statements**

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## 1. General information

These financial statements cover CPG Fund No. 2 (the "Fund") as an individual entity. The Fund is an Australian registered managed investment scheme, which was constituted on 25 January 2018 and will terminate in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution or by Law.

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975) (the "Responsible Entity"). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 1, 575 Bourke Street, Melbourne, VIC 3000. The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency unless otherwise noted.

The Fund aims to use its network to source and invest the Fund into a small but diversified portfolio of Australian real property assets that are not freely available in the general investment market place, investments that are traditionally the domain of the family office market.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on the date the Directors' declaration was signed. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

## 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

### a. Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. The Fund is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities, except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and do not distinguish between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within 12 months, except for investments in financial assets and liabilities and net assets attributable to unit holders.

The Fund manages financial assets at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within 12 months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at reporting date.

In the case of net assets attributable to unit holders, the units are redeemable on demand at the unit holders' option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within 12 months cannot be reliably determined.

#### *i. Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)*

The financial statements of the Fund also comply with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

#### *ii. New and amended standards adopted by the Fund*

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2019 that have a material impact on the amounts recognised in the prior periods or will affect the current or future periods.

#### *iii. New standards and interpretations not yet adopted*

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2020 and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements.

None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

## 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### b. Financial instruments

#### i. Classification

- Financial assets

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured at fair value through profit or loss; and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its financial assets based on its business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

The Fund's portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund's policy is for the Investment Manager to evaluate the information about these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

For equity securities, the contractual cash flows of these instruments do not represent solely payments of principal and interest. Consequently, these investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

For cash and cash equivalents and receivables, these assets are held in order to collect the contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of these assets give rise on specified dates to cash flow that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Consequently, these are measured at amortised cost.

- Financial liabilities

For financial liabilities that are not classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, these are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost (distributions payable and payables).

#### ii. Recognition and derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in the fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities from this date.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation under the liabilities are discharged, cancelled or expired.

#### iii. Measurement

- Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

At initial recognition, the Fund measures a financial asset and a financial liability at its fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss' in the period in which they arise.

For further details on how the fair value of financial instruments is determined please see Note 4 to the financial statements.

- Financial instruments at amortised cost

For financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost, they are initially measured at fair value including directly attributable costs and are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for expected credit losses.

Cash and cash equivalents and receivables are carried at amortised cost.

## **2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

### **b. Financial instruments (continued)**

#### *iv. Impairment*

At each reporting date, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance on financial assets at amortised cost (cash, due from broker and receivables) at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12 month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the counter party, probability that the counter party will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that the asset is credit impaired. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the net carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

The expected credit loss (ECL) approach is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

#### *v. Offsetting financial instruments*

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when the Fund has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

As at the end of the reporting period, there are no financial assets or financial liabilities offset or with the right to offset in the statement of financial position.

### **c. Net assets attributable to unit holders**

Units are redeemable at the unit holders' option; however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unit holders.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the reporting date if the holder exercises the right to put the units back to the Fund.

The Fund's units are classified as equity as they satisfy the following criteria under AASB 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*:

- the puttable financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation;
- the puttable financial instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and class features are identical;
- the puttable financial instrument does not include any contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments with another entity under potentially unfavourable conditions to the Fund, and it is not a contract settled in the Fund's own equity instruments; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the puttable financial instrument over the life are based substantially on the profit or loss.

### **d. Cash and cash equivalents**

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions and other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as trading of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

### **e. Investment income**

#### *i. Interest income*

Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost is recognised using the effective interest method and includes interest from cash and cash equivalents.

## **2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

### **e. Investment income (continued)**

#### *i. Interest income (continued)*

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or liability and of allocating the interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or a shorter period where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instruments (for example, prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees paid or received between the parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, including transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

Changes in fair value of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in accordance with the policies described in Note 2(b) to the financial statements.

#### *ii. Distributions*

Trust distributions are recognised on an entitlement basis.

### **f. Expenses**

All expenses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

### **g. Income tax**

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax provided it attributes the entirety of its taxable income to its unit holders.

### **h. Distributions**

The Fund distributes its distributable income, in accordance with the Fund's Constitution, to unit holders by cash or reinvestment. The distributions are recognised in the statement of changes in equity.

### **i. Functional and presentation currency**

#### *i. Functional and presentation currency*

Balances included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

### **j. Due from/to brokers**

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the year. The due from brokers balance is held for collection and are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

### **k. Receivables**

Receivables may include amounts for interest and trust distributions. Trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Where applicable, interest is accrued on a daily basis. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

### **l. Payables**

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owed by the Fund which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

A separate distributions payable is recognised in the statement of financial position.

Distributions declared effective 30 June in relation to unit holders who have previously elected to reinvest distributions are recognised as reinvested effective 1 July of the following financial year.

## **2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

### **m. Applications and redemptions**

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

### **n. Goods and Services Tax (GST)**

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as management, administration and custodian services where applicable, have been passed on to the Fund. The Fund qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of at least 55%. Hence, fees for these services and any other expenses have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Amounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

### **o. Use of estimates and judgements**

The financial assets at fair value through profit or loss currently held by the Fund are units in the unlisted unit trusts which have been measured at their net asset value (NAV) and majority of the NAV of the underlying investee is composed of investment properties as at 30 June 2020.

Whilst all valuations contain some element of uncertainty, the impact of COVID-19 on the markets in which the unlisted unit trusts holds investment properties are not fully known due to limited transactional evidence since the outbreak of the pandemic. This significant uncertainty has been cited within independent valuation reports adopted by the underlying unit trusts to estimate the fair value of investment properties. This is consistent with global industry practice. This uncertainty does not mean the valuations adopted cannot be relied upon; however the relevant clauses in the independent valuation reports indicate the higher degree of valuer judgment in determining significant valuation assumptions.

As a result, the Fund has exercised a significantly higher degree of judgment in measuring the fair value of its financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as at 30 June 2020.

The Fund makes estimates, assumptions and judgements that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the current and next financial year. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the majority of the Fund's financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available. However, certain financial instruments, for example over-the-counter derivatives or unquoted securities, are fair valued using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (for example, pricing models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by experienced personnel of the Investment Manager.

Models use observable data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations, require management to make estimates and judgements. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

The Fund estimates the expected credit loss (ECL) using impairment model, which has not materially impacted the Fund. Please see Note 3 for more information on credit risk.

For more information on how fair value is calculated refer to Note 4 to the financial statements.

### **p. Rounding of amounts**

The Fund is an entity of a kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191* relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

## **3. Financial risk management**

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including market risk (which incorporates price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement and the investment guidelines of the Fund. It also seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

### 3. Financial risk management (continued)

All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum loss of capital on unlisted unit trusts is limited to the fair value of those positions.

The investments of the Fund, and associated risks, are managed by a specialist Investment Manager, Riviera Capital Pty Ltd under an Investment Management Agreement (IMA) approved by the Responsible Entity, and containing the investment strategy and guidelines of the Fund, consistent with those stated in the Product Disclosure Statement.

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods are explained below.

#### a. Market risk

##### i. Price risk

The Fund is exposed to price risk on Australian domiciled unit trusts. Price risk arises from investments held by the Fund for which prices in the future are uncertain.

The table at Note 3(b) summarises the sensitivities of the Fund's assets and liabilities to price risk. The analysis is based on the reasonably possible shift that the investment portfolio in which the Fund invests moves by +/- 10% (2019: +/-10%).

##### ii. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk management is undertaken by maintaining as close to a fully invested position as possible, thus limiting the exposure of the Fund to interest rate risk. The majority of the Fund's financial assets are non-interest bearing. Hence, the Fund is not exposed to significant interest rate risk. The impact of interest rate risk on net assets attributable to unitholders and operating profit is considered immaterial to the Fund.

#### b. Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unit holders to market risks. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management's best estimate, having regard to the historical correlation of the Fund's investments with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market movements resulting from changes in the performance of and/or correlation between the performances of the economies, markets and securities in which the Fund invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables should not be used to predict future variances in the risk variables.

	Impact on operating profit/net assets attributable to unit holders	
	Price risk	
	-10% \$'000	+10% \$'000
<b>As at 30 June 2020</b>	<b>(2,745)</b>	<b>2,745</b>
As at 30 June 2019	(1,995)	1,995

#### c. Credit risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay its obligations in full when they fall due, causing a financial loss to the Fund.

The Fund does not have a significant concentration of credit risk that arises from an exposure to a single counterparty or group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The main concentration of credit risk, to which the Fund is exposed, arises from cash and cash equivalents. None of these assets are impaired nor past their due date. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents.

The Fund determines credit risk and measures expected credit losses for financial assets measured at amortised cost using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management consider both historical analysis and forward looking information in determining any expected credit loss. At 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019 all receivables and cash are held with counterparties with a credit rating of AA- or higher and are either callable on demand or due to be settled within 1 week. Management consider the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12 month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

### **3. Financial risk management (continued)**

#### **d. Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

As the Fund is an illiquid Fund, it is not exposed to liquidity risk on unit holder redemptions. The Fund manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash balances to meet its obligations.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unit holders. The Fund did not reject or withhold any redemptions during 2020 and 2019.

##### *i. Maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities*

All non-derivative financial liabilities of the Fund in the current period have maturities of less than 1 month.

### **4. Fair value measurement**

The Fund measures and recognises financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss on a recurring basis.

- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (see Note 6)

The Fund has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

AASB 13 *Fair Value Measurement* requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The Fund values its investments in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

#### **a. Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (level 3)**

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Investments in unlisted unit trusts are recorded at the redemption value per unit as reported by the investment managers of such funds. The Fund may make adjustments to the value based on considerations such as: liquidity of the Investee Fund or its underlying investments, the value date of the net asset value provided, or any restrictions on redemptions and the basis of accounting.

Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions. The output of a model is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty, and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Fund holds. Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

#### 4. Fair value measurement (continued)

##### b. Recognised fair value measurements

The table below presents the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value as at 30 June 2020.

As at 30 June 2020	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Unit trusts	-	-	27,447	27,447
<b>Total financial assets</b>	-	-	27,447	27,447
As at 30 June 2019				
Financial assets				
Unit trusts	-	-	19,952	19,952
<b>Total financial assets</b>	-	-	19,952	19,952

##### c. Transfer between levels

Management's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

There were no transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period.

##### d. Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

The following table presents the movement in level 3 instruments for the year ended 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019 by class of financial instrument.

	Unit trusts \$'000
<b>Opening balance - 25 January 2018</b>	-
Purchases	19,857
Gains/(losses) recognised in the statement of comprehensive income	95
<b>Closing balance - 30 June 2019*</b>	19,952
Transfers into/(out) from level 3	-
Purchases	8,793
Sales	-
Gains/(losses) recognised in the statement of comprehensive income	(1,298)
<b>Closing balance - 30 June 2020*</b>	27,447

\* Includes unrealised gains or (losses) recognised in profit or loss attributable to balances held at the end of the reporting period.

##### i. Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value

The following table summarises the quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in level 3 fair value measurements. See Note 4(a) above for the valuation techniques adopted.

#### 4. Fair value measurement (continued)

##### d. Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3) (continued)

###### i. Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value (continued)

Description	Fair value \$'000	Unobservable inputs	Range of inputs (probability- weighted average)	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
<b>As at 30 June 2020</b>				
22-26 Constance Street Unit Trust	8,126	Unit Price	N/A	Direct
DC Mentmore Rosebery Unit Trust	7,139	Unit Price	N/A	Direct
CIL I Unit Trust	5,850	Unit Price	N/A	Direct
256 Crown Unit Trust	4,173	Unit Price	N/A	Direct
CIL II Unit Trust	2,159	Unit Price	N/A	Direct
<b>As at 30 June 2019</b>				
22-26 Constance Street Unit Trust	438	Transaction Price	N/A	Direct
DC Mentmore Rosebery Unit Trust	6,927	Unit Price	N/A	Direct
CIL I Unit Trust	5,350	Unit Price	N/A	Direct
256 Crown Unit Trust	5,297	Unit Price	N/A	Direct
CIL II Unit Trust	1,940	Unit Price	N/A	Direct

###### ii. Valuation processes

Portfolio reviews are undertaken regularly by management to identify securities that potentially may not be actively traded or have stale security pricing. This process identifies securities which possibly could be regarded as being level 3 securities. Further analysis, should it be required, is undertaken to determine the accounting significance of the identification. For certain security types, in selecting the most appropriate valuation model, management performs back testing and considers actual market transactions. Changes in allocation to or from level 3 are analysed at the end of each reporting period.

##### e. Financial instruments not carried at fair value

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, receivables and payables are to approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

Net assets attributable to unit holders' carrying value differ from its fair value (deemed to be redemption price for individual units) due to differences in valuation inputs. This difference is not material in the current or prior year.

#### 5. Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

Net gains/(losses) recognised in relation to financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:

	Year ended 30 June 2020 \$'000	For the period 25 January 2018 to 30 June 2019 \$'000
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Net unrealised gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(1,298)	95
Net gains/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(1,298)	95
<b>Total net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<b>(1,298)</b>	<b>95</b>

## 6. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	As at	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
Unit trusts	27,447	19,952
<b>Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<b>27,447</b>	<b>19,952</b>

An overview of the risk exposures and fair value measurements relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3 and Note 4 to the financial statements.

## 7. Structured entities

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangement.

The Fund considers all investments in managed investment schemes (the "Schemes") to be structured entities. The Fund invests in Schemes for the purpose of capital appreciation and or earning investment income.

The exposure to investments in unrelated Schemes at fair value is disclosed in the following table:

	Fair value of investment	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
22-26 Constance Street Unit Trust	8,126	438
DC Mentmore Rosebery Unit Trust	7,139	6,927
CIL I Unit Trust	5,850	5,350
256 Crown Unit Trust	4,173	5,297
CIL II Unit Trust	2,159	1,940
<b>Total unrelated Schemes</b>	<b>27,447</b>	<b>19,952</b>

The fair value of the Schemes is included in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in the statement of financial position.

The Fund's maximum exposure to loss from its interest in the Schemes is equal to the fair value of its investments in the Schemes as there are no off-balance sheet exposures relating to any of the Schemes. Once the Fund has disposed of its units in a Scheme it ceases to be exposed to any risk from that Scheme.

During the year ended 30 June 2020, total gains/(losses) incurred on investments in the Schemes were \$1,298,345 (2019: \$95,128). The Fund also earned distribution income of \$939,531 (2019: \$848,414) as a result of its interests in the Schemes.

## 8. Net assets attributable to unit holders - equity

The Fund shall classify a financial instrument as an equity instrument from the date when the instrument has all the features and meets the conditions set out in Note 2(c).

Movements in the number of units and net assets attributable to unit holders during the year were as follows:

	Year ended		For the period	
	30 June 2020 Units '000	30 June 2020 \$'000	25 January 2018 to 30 June 2019 Units '000	25 January 2018 to 30 June 2019 \$'000
Opening balance	20,088	20,210	-	-
Applications	9,463	9,517	20,086	20,114
Reinvestment of distributions	5	5	2	2
Distributions paid and payable	-	(818)	-	(716)
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	(481)	-	810
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>29,556</b>	<b>28,433</b>	20,088	20,210

## 8. Net assets attributable to unit holders - equity (continued)

As stipulated within the Fund's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right in the underlying assets of the Fund.

There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Fund.

Units are redeemed on demand at the unit holders' option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within twelve months after the end of the reporting period cannot be reliably determined.

### Capital risk management

The Fund considers its net assets attributable to unit holders as capital. The amount of net assets attributable to unit holders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unit holders.

Daily applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Fund's underlying assets on a daily basis by the Responsible Entity. Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unit holders.

## 9. Distributions to unit holders

The distributions declared during the year were as follows:

	Year ended		For the period	
			25 January 2018 to 30 June 2019 \$'000	25 January 2018 to 30 June 2019 CPU
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2020 CPU		
<b>Distributions</b>				
June 2018	-	-	109	0.63
December	162	0.55	106	0.54
June (payable)	656	2.22	501	2.50
<b>Total distributions</b>	<b>818</b>	<b>2.77</b>	<b>716</b>	<b>3.67</b>

## 10. Cash and cash equivalents

	As at	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
Cash at bank	1,415	545
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>1,415</b>	<b>545</b>

## 11. Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	For the period	
	Year ended 30 June 2020 \$'000	25 January 2018 to 30 June 2019 \$'000
<b>a. Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>		
Profit/(loss) for the year	(481)	810
Payments for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(8,793)	(19,857)
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	1,298	(95)
Net change in receivables	(24)	(242)
Net change in payables	11	28
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>	<b>(7,989)</b>	<b>(19,356)</b>

## 11. Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities (continued)

	Year ended 30 June 2020 \$'000	For the period 25 January 2018 to 30 June 2019 \$'000
<b>b. Non-cash operating and financing activities</b>		
The following distribution payments to unit holders were satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan	5	2
<b>Total non-cash operating and financing activities</b>	5	2

## 12. Receivables

	As at	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
Distributions receivable	239	220
GST receivable	2	1
Management fee reimbursements receivable	25	21
<b>Total receivables</b>	266	242

## 13. Payables

	As at	
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000
Responsible Entity fees payable	4	4
Custody and administration fees payable	5	5
Audit fees payable	27	19
Other fees payable	3	-
<b>Total payables</b>	39	28

## 14. Remuneration of auditor

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Fund:

	Year ended 30 June 2020 \$	For the period 25 January 2018 to 30 June 2019 \$
<b>Ernst &amp; Young</b>		
<i>Audit and other assurance services</i>		
Audit of financial statements	60,250	18,375
Audit of compliance plan	1,986	1,774
Total remuneration for audit and other assurance services	62,236	20,149
<i>Taxation services</i>		
Tax compliance services	8,484	7,313
Total remuneration for taxation services	8,484	7,313
<b>Total remuneration of Ernst &amp; Young</b>	70,720	27,462

The auditor's remuneration is borne by the Fund. Fees are stated exclusive of GST.

## 15. Related party transactions

The Responsible Entity of CPG Fund No.2 is Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298) (AFSL 240975). Accordingly, the transactions with entities related to Equity Trustees Limited are disclosed below.

The Responsible Entity has contracted services to Riviera Capital Pty Ltd, to act as Investment Manager for the Fund, and Mainstream Fund Services Pty Ltd to act as Custodian and Administrator for the Fund. The contracts are on normal commercial terms and conditions.

### a. Key management personnel

#### i. Directors

The following persons held office as directors of EQT Responsible Entity Services Ltd from 1 July 2019 to 17 December 2019:

Philip D Gentry	(Chairman)
Harvey H Kalman	
Travis R Goudie	

The following persons held office as directors of Equity Trustees Limited from 18 December 2019 an up to the date of this report:

Philip D Gentry	(Chairman)
Harvey H Kalman	(resigned 1 September 2020)
Ian C Westley	(resigned 3 July 2020)
Michael J O'Brien	
Russell W Beasley	(appointed 1 September 2020)

#### ii. Other key management personnel

There were no other key management personnel with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

### b. Transactions with key management personnel

There were no transactions with key management personnel during the reporting period.

### c. Key management personnel unit holdings

Key management personnel did not hold units in the Fund as at 30 June 2020 (30 June 2019: nil).

### d. Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel are paid by EQT Services Pty Ltd. Payments made from the Fund to Equity Trustees Limited do not include any amounts directly attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

### e. Key management personnel loans

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

### f. Other transactions within the Fund

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the financial year and there were no material contracts involving management personnel's interests existing at year end.

## 15. Related party transactions (continued)

### g. Responsible Entity fees, Investment Manager's fees and other transactions

The transactions during the year and amounts payable as at year end between the Fund, the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager were as follows:

	<b>Year ended 30 June 2020</b>	For the period 25 January 2018 to 30 June 2019
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Recoverable fees for the year	-	10,989
Responsible Entity fees for the year	<b>47,942</b>	58,420
Management fees reimbursement received for the year	<b>55,685</b>	84,894
Responsible Entity fees payable at year end	<b>3,744</b>	3,699
Management fees reimbursement receivable at year end	<b>25,425</b>	20,989

For information on how management and performance fees are calculated please refer to the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement.

### h. Related party unit holdings

Parties related to the Fund (including Equity Trustees Limited, its related parties and other schemes managed by Equity Trustees Limited and the Investment Manager) held no units in the Fund as at 30 June 2020 (30 June 2019: nil).

### i. Investments

The Fund did not hold any investments in Equity Trustees Limited or its related parties during the year (30 June 2019: nil).

## 16. Events occurring after the reporting period

No significant events have occurred since the end of the year which would impact on the financial position of the Fund as disclosed in the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the year ended on that date.

## 17. Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There were no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019.

## Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity:

- a. The financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 24 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - i. complying with Australian Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
  - ii. giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date.
- b. There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- c. Note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements also comply with the International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors of Equity Trustees Limited through a delegated authority given by Equity Trustees Limited's Board.



Philip D Gentry  
Chairman

Melbourne  
7 October 2020

## Independent Auditor's Report to the unitholders of CPG Fund No.2

### Opinion

We have audited the financial report of CPG Fund No.2 (the "Fund"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Fund is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including the Independence Standards)* (the "Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Emphasis of Matter - Fair Value of Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

We draw attention to Note 2(o) of the financial report which describes the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the determination of fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and how this has been considered by the Responsible Entity in the preparation of the financial report. Due to the heightened degree of valuation uncertainty, fair value may change significantly and unexpectedly over a relatively short period of time. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

### Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the other information. The other information is the directors' report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## **Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report**

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.



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- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ▶ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Ernst & Young

Rohit Khanna  
Partner  
Sydney  
7 October 2020